

OVER £700,000,000 NEW MONEY FOR WAR LOAN—MR. BONAR LAW'S STATEMENT

# The Daily Mirror

CERTIFIED CIRCULATION LARGER THAN THAT OF ANY OTHER DAILY PICTURE PAPER

No. 4,158

Registered at the G.P.O.  
as a Newspaper.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1917

One Halfpenny.

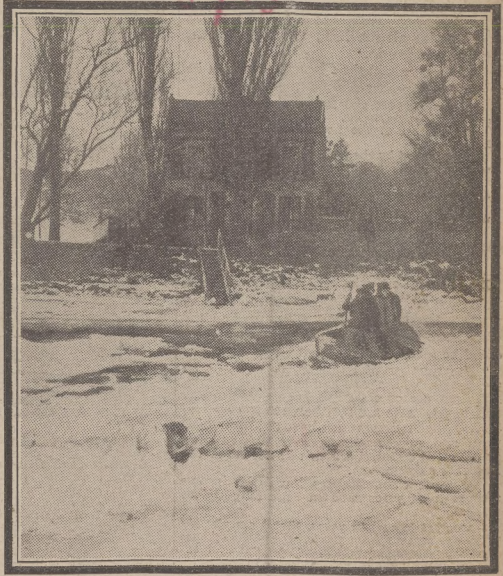
DYNAMITING A RIVER—HOW THE SEINE WAS KEPT CLEAR  
FOR TRAFFIC DURING THE GREAT FROST.



Separating the detached portions of a great floe.



Drilling holes in the ice.



On the way to break up a floe after an explosion.



A snapshot taken at the moment that one of the explosions occurred.

The Seine, which is of great importance as a waterway, was frozen to a considerable depth during the recent severe weather, and, as the large floes which kept forming could not be broken in the ordinary way, dynamite cartridges had to be used. In normal times

the Seine might have provided a splendid skating rink, but during war time it could not be devoted to pleasure. It was needed for more important business, and could not therefore be allowed to remain closed to traffic.



# £700,000,000 NEW MONEY FOR LOAN

Chancellor's Hopes Exceeded by £100,000,000—  
300,000 Applications Not Yet Opened.

## MR. BONAR LAW SAVES NATION £7,000,000 A YEAR

More than £700,000,000 has been subscribed in new money to the great British War Loan.

This all-important and eagerly-awaited statement was made by Mr. Bonar Law, the Chancellor of the Exchequer, in the House of Commons last night.

How much more than £700,000,000 has been subscribed it is impossible just at present to say. There has not yet been time to deal with all the lists, and applications are still pouring in.

The excess, said the Chancellor, might be as much as another £50,000,000.

Between 200,000 and 300,000 applications remain to be dealt with.

The success of the Loan had exceeded his hopes.

When asked by the leading financial experts what amount of new money he considered necessary for the success of the Loan he said £600,000,000.

The sum subscribed in excess of £600,000,000 would certainly amount to £100,000,000.

## CHANCELLOR'S STATEMENT

Mr. Bonar Law, who made his statement in reply to a question by Mr. Lough, who asked whether the total amount subscribed to the War Loan and the number of subscribers could be given, said:—

"The number of applications received on the last day of the loan had been so large that, although the officials had been working day and night, there are still between 200,000 and 300,000 applications which have not been dealt with, and more applications coming in from all over the country, which will not reach the Bank for a day or two.

"In these circumstances it will be impossible to give figures until the beginning of next week.

"I am glad to say, however, that I am already in a position to state that the Loan has succeeded to a great extent, not only than I expected, but than I hoped. (Cheers.)

"I hope, however, that what I have just said will not encourage exaggerated, and indeed impossible, estimates which might create the danger that, what I consider the amazing financial effort of this country will be minimised when the actual figures are known.

"It is necessary to keep a sense of proportion, and it will be well to bear in mind what was expected when the loan was issued.

"In meeting the financial representatives of the City I was asked what amount of new money, including Treasury bills, which are, of course, new money, I would consider necessary to make the loan a success.

"In my reply I stated a figure which was much higher than my anticipations, though not higher than my hopes. That figure was £600,000,000.

"I am glad to be able to state to the House now that that amount without any direct contributions from the banks has been already exceeded.

"Although it is impossible to estimate the excess even by £20,000,000 or perhaps £50,000,000, the excess over the £600,000,000 will certainly amount to not less than £100,000,000." (Loud cheers.)

## £7,000,000 A YEAR SAVED.

When Mr. Bonar Law was preparing for the issue of the great loan he consulted, in accordance with precedent, the financial authorities in the City.

These advised him that to ensure success the loan should bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent.

Mr. Bonar Law, acting against that advice, was convinced that the country would willingly find the money at 5 per cent, and the prospectus was prepared on that basis.

By his firmness the Chancellor has succeeded in saving the country £7,000,000 a year in interest for at least twelve years.

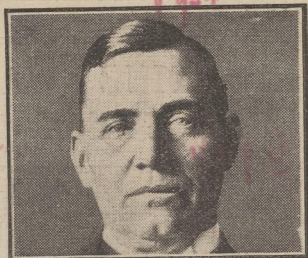
In other words, the aggregate saving accomplished in the twelve years is £84,000,000 on new money alone.

If we include the conversions, which are estimated to amount to £1,300,000,000, the total saving by adopting a 5 per cent. instead of a 6 per cent. basis is £220,000,000 a year.

## A KNOCK-OUT BLOW.

In the fifth and last War Loan issued by Germany there were 3,800,000 subscribers, who provided £532,000,000, not all by any means new money. In its population of 70,000,000 only about one in twenty subscribed.

It is only a fortnight since the last payments



Mr. Kennedy Jones, the well-known business man, and M.P. for Hornsey, rendered great assistance during the closing stages of the loan campaign. His efforts in popularising the loan were crowned with immense success. He was able to appeal directly to millions of people through his scheme of short War Loan addresses at the cinema theatres.

of the fifth German loan were made, bringing the total loans to £2,350,000,000.

The British Loan will be, it is believed, a knock-out financial blow to Germany.

Several days are likely to elapse before the final details of the Loan can be made public. Probably by Monday next Mr. Bonar Law will be in a position to indicate in detail the precise character of the national response.

## £4,000 PER MINISTER.

Mr. Bonar Law, answering Sir Godfrey Baring, said the number of Ministers of the Crown was thirty-four, and the salaries paid amounted to £133,500.

"The average works out at just under £4,000 per Minister."

Mr. Swift MacNeill asked if the number of the Cabinet, including under-secretaries, did not amount to eighty-two.

In reply to Sir Charles Hobhouse, Mr. Bonar Law said that the new departments created by the present Government, in addition to the Labour and Pensions Ministries, were the Food Controller, the Shipping Controller and the Director of National Service.

The names of the Ministers and parliamentary secretaries had already been announced as well as their salaries, with the exception of that of the Director of National Service, which was £2,000 a year.

Mr. Bonar Law gave a list of the buildings occupied by the new departments, and added that to supply details of the staffs would involve an amount of work which he did not think justified.

## THE HAIG INTERVIEW.

Mr. Snowden had given notice to ask the Prime Minister yesterday if he could now state the result of the inquiry into the circumstances of the interview given by Sir Douglas Haig to a French journalist, and what action the Government proposed to take in the matter.

It was intimated that the question was postponed until to-day.

## MYSTERY OF A TAXICAB.

Stranded in Ditch on Barnet Common—Traces of Confetti.

It was reported yesterday that late on Sunday night a taxicab was discovered on Barnet Common considerably damaged and with full lights burning.

The taxicab appeared to have left the road in the darkness and travelled about twenty yards across the common, evidently at a great pace, until the two front wheels became embedded in a watery ditch not far from a large pond.

The indicator showed that the car was carrying a passenger or passengers, who had incurred an expenditure of about 19s. On the floor of the cab were traces of confetti.

## 'MOST CRITICAL PERIOD.'

Mr. Arthur Henderson on the Coming Months of the War.

"I admit that we are probably on the verge of the most critical period of the war, and it appears to me that the position to take up is one of hopefulness," said Mr. Arthur Henderson at Newcastle last night, explaining that a statement he had made at Manchester on Saturday had been misunderstood.

He was conscious, he added, that the next few months would be the most critical for the Allied cause that had been experienced since August, 1914.

## NEW "COMB OUT."

Exemption Certificates of Men Up to Twenty-Two To Be Revised.

TEACHERS UNDER 31 TO SERVE.

Mr. John Douglas, the military representative at Wandsworth Tribunal, announced yesterday that he had received instructions from the War Office to ask the tribunal to revise all certificates of exemption held by men up to twenty-two years of age, as the holders were required for immediate service with the Army.

It was officially announced yesterday that on and after February 19 all exemptions granted to teachers, students and officials of educational establishments under the Board of Education who come within medical category B 1 will be withdrawn.

Men not examined by a medical board must be regarded as in category A.

As previously pointed out, exemption to men classed as A or B 1 is justified only if there are exceptionally strong grounds.

At the East Ham Tribunal yesterday exemption was granted to five men with the condition that they register themselves for national service.

## WAR-TIME FOOTPADS.

Magistrate on Dangers of London's Darkened Streets.

Dealing with a charge of highway robbery against four boys at Marylebone yesterday, Mr. Justice Byrne, in sentencing three of them and binding over the fourth, said:—

"No doubt the darkened state of the streets acted as a strong incentive to those with a pre-disposition to thieve. The streets of London were infested with all kinds of disreputable young men who lived on crime."

They were charged with stealing and receiving money from the counter of a shop, and one of them was further charged with robbing a waitress of a bag and contents, value £3, while she was walking through Seymour-street, N.W.

## NEW POSTER CAMPAIGN.

London's Stirring Call for National Service Volunteers.

The new set of gigantic posters in aid of the National Service campaign, which have taken the place of those calling for subscriptions to the War Loan last week, are now complete.

The Mansion House, the Royal Exchange, the National Gallery, and the three sides of Piccadilly-circus will follow the example of Nelson's Column on Saturday, and bear inscriptions exhorting volunteers to come forward and enrol.

On the National Gallery the central inscription is "National Service means National Security. Enrol To-day." On the left hand is: "Build up our ships." On the right: "We Must Make Munitions."

"People have the idea that because they are engaged on work they consider is of national importance they are not expected to enrol," said a departmental official of the National Service volunteers yesterday, in instancing a slight falling off in numbers. "We cannot overstate the importance of everybody enrolling."

Professional men, too, are wanted. Places are vacant which they can fill.

**Better to Volunteer.**—Mr. John Hodge, at Nottingham last night, said industrial conscription was in vogue in Germany. They desired to avoid it in this country, but it was in the work of the hands, and if they failed the guilt would be upon their heads.

He wanted to be clearly understood that if a man volunteering had been earning forty shillings a week in Nottingham and was ordered to go to Newcastle he should be paid as much there.

## SOCIAL EVIL DANGERS.

Commons Discusses the Criminal Law Amendment Bill.

The dangers of the social evil, said Sir George Cave at the second reading of the Criminal Law Amendment Bill in the House of Commons yesterday, were patent to all, and the need for a remedy was urgent.

The Bill provided that in the case of improper offence against a child under sixteen this should be a cause of indictment.

The Bill did not raise the age of consent, but it did away with the defence proviso of "reasonable cause to believe that the girl was over sixteen years of age."

The Bill provided for much heavier penalties on those who were convicted of keeping disorderly houses.

In a recent case it was stated that a woman was making £17 a day from a disorderly house.

In another case a person had deposited £2,000 in a bank in six months from a similar source.

It was proposed to increase the penalties for soliciting.

The question of dealing with the spread of venereal disease was also dealt with by the Bill.

By making it an offence for one person to communicate the disease to another person an important step had been taken to safeguard the future of the race.

The Bill was read a second time.

## FOOD HOARDERS DEFTY LORD DEVONPORT.

People Lining Larders with Provisions.

## POTATOES "HELD UP."

"Why does not the Food Controller deal immediately with the food hoarders?" asks a woman correspondent of *The Daily Mirror*.

She points out that, "despite Lord Devonport's warning of the terrible things he would do to any food hogs whom he found out, people continue to hoard with increasing impudence."

"Many rich people are laying in stores of all kinds and more particularly tinned foods."

*The Daily Mirror* ascertained yesterday that orders at most of the provision stores have increased by between 50 and 100 per cent.

## THE MILK PROBLEM.

Mr. J. Mackintosh, addressing the Farmers' Club last night, said it would be greatly to the advantage of the nation if all restrictions were removed and all reasonable assistance given to dairy farmers to enable them to increase both their output of milk and the numbers of their herds.

**No Potato Sales.**—There was practically nothing doing in the London potato market yesterday. Stocks were small, and dealers refused to sell at £9 per ton. Retailers, on the other hand, declined to pay £14 10s. per ton.

There appeared to be a doubt as to when the proposals approved by the War Cabinet and communicated to the trade by the Prime Minister come into operation. Apparently the general conception was that the £9 per ton wholesale price and 14d. per lb. retail price start to-day.

At St. Helens two farmers and one merchant were charged with selling and buying potatoes in excess of the regulation price.

As they were the first cases, the Bench dismissed them on payment of costs.

Potatoes, it is stated, will be sold at Liverpool market to-day at £11 per ton, leaving the retailers a margin of £3 per ton at 14d. per lb.

**Rations for Hounds.**—Mr. Bathurst told Mr. Will Thorne in the House of Commons yesterday that masters of hounds had reduced their packs, and were prepared not to purchase any more oatmeal for dogs' food.

## 'DRASTIC RESTRICTIONS.'

Mr. Bonar Law, answering Mr. Asquith in Parliament yesterday, said the Government had decided on a very drastic restriction of imports which affected both the Allies and the Dominions.

It was necessary to consult them, and a statement would be made on Thursday.

**No Sugar Tickets.**—Sugar is not to be distributed by ticket. The point was raised by Mr. MacCallum Scott, who asked the Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Food if he could now state whether any arrangements had been made for regulating the retail distribution of sugar by tickets or otherwise.

Mr. Bathurst replied that the suggested course would involve elaborate machinery and waste of man power.

**Army Horses for Farmers.**—The Army Council have informed the Board of Agriculture that in view of the shortage in some districts of horses suitable for farm work they have directed commanders of military units to which they were lent a temporary loan of horses and drivers to farmers in the vicinity of their stations.

## RIGHT TO HOLIDAYS.

Workers to Have Two Days for Last Year's Sacrifices.

The Press Bureau announces that employers are reminded that the period fixed by the Royal Proclamation of December 15, 1916, within which holidays are to be given to workers who lost holidays owing to the postponement of the two Bank Holidays last year expires at the end of this month.

A worker's right to the holidays is not affected by a change of employment on his part.

Workers who have entered an employer's service since the postponement of the Bank Holidays and can show that they were deprived by such postponement of holidays to which they were entitled, or which they were accustomed to receive, and have not yet received other holidays in lieu, are entitled to receive the holidays from their present employer.

## MUNITIONS EXPLOSION.

Dr. Addison, answering Mr. Thorne, said that without admitting liability the Ministry of Munitions were prepared to pay all reasonable claims for damage and injury arising out of the recent munitions explosion in the East End.

Claims now received were 15, 1916, within which Lord Yate asked why such an enormous accumulation of high explosive was allowed to take place in a highly populated district.

Sir Worthington Evans said that factories were not set up in crowded areas.

With regard to the East End explosion, there were special reasons why high explosives were dealt with in that area.



# GUNS BUSY AT VERDUN—ANOTHER RAID BY BRITISH

**Our Troops Enter Sanna-i-Yat Lines on Tigris, but Later Withdraw.**

**HINDENBURG ON THE TERRORS TO COME.**

**U.S. Warned: Armed Ships will Invite War—Roosevelt's Army for Europe in Event of War.**

**VERDUN FRONT.**—Paris reports fairly great artillery activity on both sides at Avocourt (west of Verdun), Pepper Hill (north of Verdun) and Bezonvaux (north of Vaux). It will be remembered that the Germans started their big attack on Verdun on February 21st, 1916—a year ago to-morrow.

**BRITISH FRONTS.**—A successful raid was made by the British south of Souchez. In Mesopotamia our forces pierced the two front-line trenches at Sanna-i-Yat, but later were obliged to withdraw to their original line.

**HINDENBURG ON WAR'S DURATION.**—Hindenburg says that theoretically the war can be continued for an unlimited time. The final stage, he declares, will be a terrible one.

**THE U BOAT WAR.**—A Rome report asserts that the total foe submarine losses are 128.

**FRENCH AND FOE GUNS ACTIVE AT VERDUN.**

**"Fairly Great" Shelling in Avocourt, Poivre Hill and Bezonvaux Sectors.**

## FRENCH OFFICIAL.

**Night Communiqué.**—There was fairly great artillery activity on both sides in the sectors of Avocourt, Pepper Hill and Bezonvaux.

Our batteries carried out effective destruction fire against German organisations north of Damloup.

In Alsace a coup de main against the enemy lines on Barenkopf, north of Muenster, resulted in our capturing a dozen prisoners.

There was an intermittent cannonade on the rest of the front.—Reuter.

## ZEPP OVER BOULOGNE.

**Afternoon Communiqué.**—There was patrol activity in the region of Burnhaupt-le-Haut. The night was calm everywhere else.

On Saturday night a Zeppelin flew over the French coast of the Straits of Dover as far as the suburbs of Boulogne and threw several bombs without, however, achieving any results.—Reuter.

**MR. ROOSEVELT'S 200,000 ARMY FOR EUROPE.**

**Expeditionary Force in Event of War Between U.S. and Germany.**

**New York, Monday.**—The World publishes an excellent authority a statement that Mr. Roosevelt is planning in the event of war between the United States and Germany to raise an expeditionary force to sail to Europe.

The force, it is stated, would be placed at the disposal of the Entente generals in Europe.

While the details of the scheme are not positively known at present, the plans are understood to contemplate the dispatch of a force of as many as 200,000 men.—Reuter.

**ALLIES' WORDS TO GREECE**

The Ministers of the protecting Powers, says a Reuter Athens message, have issued a communiqué to the Press to enlighten the public on the reasons for the maintenance of the blockade.

It says that, among other important questions directly pointed out to the Government by the Chief of the Military Control, are the works secretly carried out at Corinth with a view to rendering the canal impassable.

Dealing with the hostile attitude of the Press, it states that the Government will be assuming a grave responsibility if it continues to tolerate such an attitude.—Reuter.

**UNDERFED HUN WORKERS**

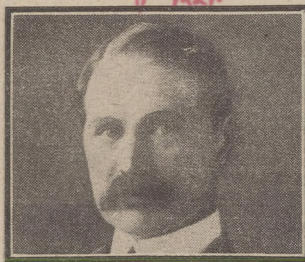
**AMSTERDAM, Monday.**—In the course of a debate in the Prussian Diet on Saturday the Socialist deputy Herr Hoffman said:

"Underfeeding is a pressing danger for health. This morning I saw a gathering of 8,000 men who had left munition factories owing to collapse from underfeeding."—Reuter.

**RUMANIA'S PROSPECTS.**

**Jassy, Monday.**—The Roumanian states that the Grand Duke George of Russia, who is visiting Galatz, declared to the authorities of the town that the military situation had now completely changed.—Reuter.

**BUSINESS STATESMAN.**



Mr. Bonar Law, Britain's Business Chancellor, by issuing the War Loan at 5 per cent. and not 6 per cent., as advised by authorities in the City, has scored a great financial triumph and saved the country £7,000,000 a year.

**BRITISH SALLY INTO LINES AT SANNA-I-YAT.**

**Our Forces, However, Have to Return Later to Original Line.**

## BRITISH OFFICIAL.

**Mesopotamia.**—On the afternoon of February 17 an assault was made on the Sanna-i-Yat position on the left (north) bank of the Tigris, and the enemy's two front lines were occupied on frontage of 350 and 590 yards respectively.

Two heavy Turkish counter-attacks were launched, the first one hour and the second one and a half hours after we had obtained possession of the trenches.

The former was repulsed, but the latter was partially successful and forced our right back to the original line.

Our left, however, held on till dusk, when it withdrew under cover of an artillery barrage.

On the south bank of the Tigris west of the Shumrun Bend further progress has been made.

## TURKISH OFFICIAL.

In Mesopotamia, on February 17, the enemy attacked our positions near Felahie. He succeeded temporarily in penetrating our line, but was ejected, and we completely reoccupied our positions.

We captured one officer, sixty men, a machine gun and some automatic rifles.—Central News.

**128 U BOATS LOST.**

**Rome, Monday.**—According to information from Switzerland, Germany has lost 115 submarines up to February 15 and Austria thirteen. The losses were heaviest during January and February.—Wireless Press.

**AMSTERDAM, Monday.**—According to a Berlin telegram to the German papers, Dr. Helfferich, Minister of the Interior, said:—

"Germany stands or falls with its agriculture. Owing to the activity of the submarines and the failure of the harvests, England, too, was thrown back on agriculture."

Dr. Helfferich added that though he believed the English farmer would do his utmost to meet the situation, he prophesied failure.

Regarding the submarine campaign, Dr. Helfferich said: "We have carefully considered the matter and have dared. We are certain of success."—Reuter.

## U BOAT'S BAND PLAYS.

**COPENHAGEN, Monday.**—Captain Isak Jacobsen, of the Norwegian barge, Thor II, sunk by a German submarine, said, when interviewed, that after the ship was torpedoed his wife and six-year-old daughter were forced to go into the submarine.

They were eight days in the U boat, which came to the surface near Heligoland on February 12. As it entered harbour its band played patriotic airs.—Exchange.

**SUCCESSFUL RAID BY THE BRITISH.**

**Mine Shaft Blown Up in Dash Near Souchez.**

**DUG-OUTS SMASHED.**

## BRITISH OFFICIAL.

**GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, Monday.**

**8.30 P.M.**—We carried out a successful raid this morning south of Souchez.

A hostile mine shaft was blown up by us, and several occupied dug-outs were destroyed. We took a few prisoners.

Beyond the usual artillery activity on both sides there is nothing further to report.

**"WATCHFUL HUNS."**

## GERMAN OFFICIAL.

**Afternoon Communiqué.**—The very heavy weather prevailing at the majority of the places on the front limited the activity of the artillery and of the airmen and only permitted reconnoitring thrusts.

Owing to the watchfulness of our men in the trenches several enemy enterprises failed. Our reconnoitring detachments succeeded in bringing in several prisoners.

**Night Communiqué.**—A British attack made this morning to the south-west of Messines (north of Arrmentieres), failed. Heavy weather prevailing in the west, and severe cold in the east, no action of importance has taken place.—Admiralty per Wireless Press.

## GENERAL GOUGH.

Writing about the recent British gain, the *Liberte's* correspondent says:—

"The fresh success which the valiant troops of General Gough have gained aggravates to a marked degree the already critical situation of the Germans at Bapaume."—Reuter.

## BRITAIN'S GREATER SHARE.

**PARIS, Monday.**—M. Gustave Herve, writing in the *Vieille*, says:—

"The more we advance in the war the more it will be for the British Army to bear the greater weight of it."

This Colossus is plainly ready to lend us a really helping hand, and it will do us no harm after all the generous blood we have shed.—Central News.

**GERMANY'S WARNING TO AMERICA.**

**Arming of Merchant Ships Will Be Considered Act of War.**

**WASHINGTON, Monday.**—It is asserted that Germany warned the United States that the sending of armed merchantmen into the war zone will be regarded as inviting war.

This is given as the reason for Mr. Wilson's decision to go to Congress before sanctioning the arming of American ships.

The warning, it is stated, came through Dr. Ritter, the Swiss Minister, and according to a diplomat who is friendly with Germany, it amounts approximately to this:—

"The appearance of an armed American merchantman in the war zone would be construed into hostility towards submarines, inviting them to make an attack without warning, irrespective of cargo and destination."

There is no longer the slightest doubt here that Berlin is determined to force the issue.—Central News.

## TENSION NOT RELIEVED.

**WASHINGTON, Monday.**—Mr. Lansing today intimated that there was no change in the critical state of relations between this country and Germany. The tension has not been relieved.—Central News.

## BERNSTORFF SAILS.

German papers publish a wireless dispatch from New York according to which the steamer *Frederick VIII.*, with Count von Bernstorff on board, left Hoboken yesterday.

Count von Bernstorff was seen on deck waving farewell.—Central News.

## AMERICA'S MONEY.

**WASHINGTON, Monday.**—An official statement says that the American exports for January amounted to £122,688,294, which is nearly £20,000,000 more than in any previous month in history.—Exchange.

**£20,000 PRIZE FOR U'S?**

**PARIS, Monday.**—The Navy Committee of the Chamber to-day adopted M. Lefevre's proposal asking the Government to allot a prize of £20,000 to the crew of every French, Allied or neutral vessel which, when attacked by a submarine, succeeds in capturing or destroying it.—Reuter.

**"LAST STAGE OF THE WAR A TERRIBLE ONE."**

**Hindenburg's Theory Based on Progress of U Boat Campaign.**

**AMSTERDAM, Monday.**—The *Meuncheur Nieuwe Nachrichten* contains an interview with Count von Hertling, the Prime Minister of Bavaria.

General Hindenburg had declared that from the theoretical point of view the war could be still continued for an unlimited time, since the German losses were not as large as the reinforcements that had come into the army.

Their frontiers east, west and south were intact.

The enemy also was theoretically capable of carrying on the war for an unlimited period.

**FIVE BRITISH SHIPS SUNK.**

Lloyd's yesterday reported the following sinkings:—

British steamers Okement (4,349 tons), Idolo (3,903 tons), Hopemore (3,740 tons), trawler X L, sailing vessel Netherton (199 tons).

provided always that he could receive sufficient supplies from overseas.

If, therefore, they were to put an end to the war once and for all, those supplies must be cut off, and thus the submarine warfare had been strengthened.

The last stage of the war would be a terrible one.

They had gained all they wanted, and so there were no longer any reasons, from Germany's point of view, for continuing the struggle.—Central News.

**FOE'S FOUR GAS ATTACKS.**

## RUSSIAN OFFICIAL.

(Admiralty per Wireless Press.)

**Western Front.**—During the night of February 17-18 the enemy discharged four gas waves on the sector of our position between the villages of Semenki and Dobrotovka.

**New York, Monday.**—Mr. Charles M. Schwab announces that the dispute between the Bethlehem Steel Corporation and the British Government over a shell contract for Russia, amounting to more than £10,000,000, has been satisfactorily settled, and that shipments will continue without interruption.—Central News.



A roadside dump for supplies on the western front.—(Official photograph.)





## BEAUTY & OXYGEN

go together. With the aid of Ven-Yusa, the Oxygen Face Cream, you add charm and attractiveness to your complexion, and do real good to your skin.

The daily use of Ven-Yusa, with its gentle, stimulating action upon the skin, is a necessity to every woman who gives a thought to her personal appearance.

Ven-Yusa is the great urgent need of every woman war-worker, either in munition factory or hospital ward. Used morning, noon, and night it preserves the natural bloom of the complexion and ensures that charm of appearance which is every woman's right.

This is because Ven-Yusa is the only toilet cream that gives the skin what is aptly described as a beautifying "oxygen bath."

Miss JOYCE BARBOUR, of the London Gaiety Theatre, writes:—"I am charmed with Ven-Yusa Cream. Its refreshing fragrance and utter absence of grease leave the skin beautifully soft and smooth."



Only price 1/- per jar, at Chemists, Stores, Hairdressers, &c., or by post from C. E. Fulford, Ltd., Leeds.

## CANADIANS' EMERGENCY RATIONS.



Asking questions about the emergency rations at the inspection of a Canadian battalion on the western front.—(Official photograph.)

## NEWS WANTED OF EIGHT MISSING MEN.



Pte. R. Hutton (Australian Force), missing Egypt. Write to 3, Eek-terrace, Whitby, Yorks.



Pte. H. Davison (Royal Fusiliers), who lives at 22, Binley, Coventry.



Pte. Stephen E. Healey (Middlesex Regt.), Write to Mrs. Healey, 17, Astley-avenue, Dover.



Pte. F. W. Howe (Sussex Regt.), Write to 11, John-avenue, Hampstead, London.



Pte. E. Bowers (Gloucester Regt.), Write to 102, 12th Street, B. T. Lethbridge, Alta, Canada.



Pte. Brennan (Rifle Brigade), Write to 1, 029, 12th Street, B. T. Lethbridge, Alta, Canada.

## TEACHER WINS M.C.



Captain A. Oswell, formerly a master at Durham Training College, awarded the Military Cross. He was at one time an organist at Selkirk.



Sgt. W. Nelson (Gordon Highlanders), Write to 7, Grafton-road, West Kensington.



Rfm. V. G. Thomas (London Regt.), Write to 11, 28, Meeting-house-lane, Peckham, London, S.E.

## WOUNDED BULGARS MADE PRISONERS.



Bulgarians captured by the Serbians. Several of them were very badly wounded and have just received medical attention.

## DANDRUFF GOES! HAIR GETS THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL.

Save your hair! Double its beauty in a few moments. Try this!—Hair stops coming out and every particle of dandruff disappears.

Try as you will, after an application of Danderine, you cannot find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair, and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most, will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No matter how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just use Danderine and the effect is immediate and amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance, an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance, the beauty and shimmer of true hair health.

Get a bottle of Knowlton's Danderine and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all. All chemists sell and recommend it, 1s. 1d. and 2s. 3d. a bottle—no increase in price.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them. Its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.—(Advt.)

## RUB BACKACHE AND LUMBAGO AWAY.

Rub the Pain Right Out with Small Bottle of Old "St. Jacobs Oil."

When your back is weak and aching; when lumbago, sciatica, or rheumatism has you stiffened up, don't suffer! Get a small trial bottle of the old, honest "St. Jacobs Oil" from your chemist, pour a little in your hand and rub it well into your aching back, and by the time you can count fifty the ache and sense of weakness will be gone.

Do not submit to being crippled by rheumatism. This soothing, penetrating oil takes the ache and pain right out of your back, and ends the misery. It is magical, and does not burn the skin. Nothing else stops lumbago, sciatica, and backache so promptly and surely. It never disappoints.

A liberal sample of "St. Jacobs Oil" with pamphlet showing how to cure aches and pains, will be sent on receipt of 3d. (for postage and packing). Address St. Jacobs Oil, Ltd., 91, Perry Vale, Forest Hill, London, S.E.—(Advt.)

## IT IS THE WOMAN WHO PAYS.

When a man gives up his omnibus seat to a woman he shows, without knowing it, that woman is of the privileged sex. She has so much to give, if she chooses, that she has earned this respect. She has so much to bear that she needs this consideration. But she must pay for her privileges. Nature exacts the price in bodily sufferings, which even the healthiest woman occasionally endures, and must always dread—especially in the years when she is entering middle age.

There are various causes for the frequent ill-health and weakness of women. They are more liable to be deficient in blood than men. Every woman knows the reason; but she need not be any weaker, or more liable to suffering, than men, if she will follow this advice. Women who have found the remedy do not, in fact, suffer. Dr. Williams' pink pills for pale people enable anyone who takes them—man or woman—to make more blood (and it is better blood, too); and that is why women who know the virtue of these pills save themselves so much needless suffering. The property of making abundant, rich blood is peculiar to genuine Dr. Williams' pink pills; begin them to-day and do not waste money on substitutes.

FREE to lady readers a book, "Plain Talks." Send post card for it to Hints Dept., 46 Holborn Viaduct, London.—(Advt.)

## Diabetes

Simple Herb Quickly Cures This Dread Disease to Stay Cured.

Diabetes has heretofore been considered incurable, and the only hope held out to the afflicted has been to prolong their years by strict dieting.

A plant recently discovered, called Diabetol Herb, has been found to be a natural, tropical, herbal treatment of diabetes, quickly reducing the specific gravity and sugar, restoring vigour, and building up the system.

This harmless vegetable remedy will relieve the patient of his worst symptoms in the most aggravated cases within a week, and to prove it we will post the first 2s. 9d. package for 1s. with free booklet of special value to the diabetic, containing latest diet lists and exclusive table of food values, giving percentage of starch and sugar (carbohydrates) in 250 different foods.

Tell your afflicted friends of this offer and send 1s. to-day for a full-sized 2s. 9d. package: AMES CHEMICAL CO. (Dept. 1A), 8, Bouverie-street, London, E.C. You may purchase Diabetol at ordinary retail prices of Boots, Taylor's and other chemists.—(Advt.)



# Daily Mirror

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 20, 1917.

## THE PEOPLE'S MONEY.

THE people of this country, from high to low, rich and poor, of all classes and every rank, have given their sons to this war. Now, again, they have given their money, too, and shown that they no more intend now, than they did in 1914, that their sons shall die in vain.

That is the significance of the immense success of the new War Loan.

It is the people's money, not only the money of the rich. It is, to all concerned, both here and all over the watching or warring world, a mandate clear and unmistakable—*go on till we win*. It is the *tires foujours*, the *keep on firing*, of the French General at Verdun.

The former Government, earlier in the war, were perpetually showing that they did not understand or trust the people.

They were wrong. Rulers have feared and fumbled often enough in the long and bitter struggle; the people, too, have suffered, and felt the inevitable anxieties; but they have believed in the end, believed in our national star and destiny, which is after all only that national strength of character to which Mr. Asquith appealed at the outset. "Implacable resolve"—his words are remembered now. They are remembered because they are realised in the humblest penny of the money sent in to help our soldiers to victory.

"Implacable resolve"—if our rulers and leaders also continue to show it, they will not need any more to fear or to doubt that the people will follow them. Let them count on the people, and, meanwhile, be hard on any incompetence, hesitation or delays amongst themselves. The people mean to go on and to win the war they were compelled to fight by the brutal aggression of Germany.

The War Loan, then, is a needed consolation for the bad times. Our congratulations are due to all who helped in organising its success.

But, when all is said, it represents nothing more than a fulfilment of our plain duty to our dead, and to the men now holding on in the mud of France and Flanders. We think of them first and above all. We have given our best men. That is the real sacrifice. To give money, after that, is nothing. No gift is comparable with that of the humblest father and mother who send a son away from them and never see him again. Had we failed to show them that we appreciate their sacrifice, we could not have recovered, in the sight of history, from the shame.

W. M.

## IN MY GARDEN.

Frs. 12.—An early crop of broad beans may be obtained by sowing in boxes at this date. Place the boxes in a cold frame. Brussels sprouts, cauliflowers, cabbages and celery (for autumn use) may also be sown thinly now in boxes placed in a warm frame or greenhouse. Parsley, too, may be raised now.

Directly the soil is in a suitable condition shallots may be planted. Press the bulbs firmly into the ground so that the tops show; the rows should be about nine inches apart. Plant Jerusalem artichokes and now broad beans on the first favourable opportunity.

E. F. T.

## THE GOOD PHYSICIAN.

I hold it ever,  
Virtue and cunning were endowments greater  
Than nobleness and riches; careless heirs  
May the two latter darken and expend,  
But immortality attends the former,  
Making a man a god. 'Tis known I ever  
Have studied physic, through which secret art,  
By turning o'er authorities, I have—  
Together with my practice—made familiar  
To me and to my aid the blindest men,  
That dwell in vegetative, in metals, stones;  
And can speak of the disturbances  
That nature works, and of her cures; which doth  
give me  
A more content in course of true delight  
Than to be thrifty after totering honour,  
Or tie my treasure up in silken bags.  
To please the fool and death.

—SHAKESPEARE.

## A THOUGHT FOR TO-DAY.

Whatever the benefits of fortune are, they yet require a palate fit to relish and taste them; it is fruition, not possession, that makes us really happy. —Montaigne.

# ALL THIS MORNING'S GOSSIP.

News and Views About Men, Women and Affairs in General

## The Dardanelles Report.

I FIND many people waiting with anxiety and anticipation for the publication of the report of the Dardanelles Commission. The friends of Mr. Winston Churchill are particularly eager for the report to appear.

## Mr. Churchill's Position.

Why? Because they believe the findings of the Commission will do much to restore Mr. Churchill to that position in public life to which his gifts entitle him. At any rate, I am sure Mr. Churchill's long silence in the House will be broken in dramatic fashion after the report is published. On more than one occasion lately Mr. Churchill has been urged by his friends to address the House.

## When the War is Over.

I heard a lot of talk in political circles yesterday concerning the Speaker's forecast of

## Li. G. and the Ring.

The news that little Jimmy Wilde is going to box before Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd George at the Alhambra during the Welsh Day matinee will please all followers of the sport. Judging from the Premier's "knock out" speech he should be a capital judge of the ring and ring tactics. The bottle holders in the Kaiser's corner appreciate this fact more than we do.

## K.O.'s Reminiscences.

I hear that the publishers have been after Mr. Marshall Hall with tempting offers for his reminiscences. But they are not yet written and certainly will not be published for a long, long time.

## A Haunt of Song.

If any of you ever, in an idle moment, take a cocktail in the Monaco, you probably little



Miss Berile Adams, who is appearing in The Bing Girls. She is an Australian.



Lady Victoria Cavendish-Bentinck, who recently assisted at a Y.M.C.A. tea.

## The Seaports Have Done Best.

I was told yesterday by a War Savings Committee official that the towns which have invested most in the War Loan are the seaports. A comparatively small place like West Hartlepool, with a population of some 60,000, has invested almost £60 per head.

## Fortunes Made in the War.

It is, of course, common knowledge that many fortunes have been made at the shipping ports during the war. I know many men at Grimsby, Hull and Newcastle who were without large funds two and a half years ago but are now worth tens and hundreds of thousands of pounds.

## The Two Charlies.

Miss Amy Angarde told me yesterday a good story about her small nephew. He is six years old, and the other day he was taken to the theatre to see "Charlie's Aunt." Coming out his mother said, "Did you enjoy it, dear?" "Yes, mummy," he replied, "but I did not see Charlie Chaplin."

## Influenza in School.

A surprise has recently been thrust upon several families in London by the sudden appearance of their sons from a well-known public school. They have been sent down, I hear, on account of influenza; with which the authorities find it hard to deal. The lack of trained nurses renders it almost impossible for them to give the boys proper attention.

## Compensations.

After all, however, a sudden holiday in mid-term is not resented by boys, even if parents, in some cases, find it a little hard to bear!

## Chelsea Redivivus.

Many people are giving up their expensive houses and are seeking flats in Chelsea. The latest to do so is Mrs. McKenzie—formerly the Hon. Miss Louvina Knollys—who lost her husband in France.

## More Economy.

Economy is the order of the day. A friend tells me that instead of dainty white tea cloths she now uses black ones, though, despite the pink rosebud trimming, the effect is rather depressing. Nevertheless, she says her spirits rise as her laundry bill sinks.

## Women and National Service.

A National Service Department man told me yesterday that the full scheme for women is nearly complete, and will be announced soon. Meanwhile, he says, the results of the scheme for men are extraordinarily good. Still, I find the conviction widespread that compulsion will have to come.

## String Bag at the Carlton.

When I was having tea at the Carlton a woman came in trying to conceal with her large muff a green string bag full of small parcels. Imagine a thing like that happening three years ago!

## The Cardinal's Pastoral.

I have been reading Cardinal Bourne's Lenten Pastoral. His Eminence strikes an optimistic note. "King and Government, country and Empire," he writes, "can look forward to the future with confidence and hope as fully grounded as any human effort can establish them." It seems that Lent this year will be not merely a period of penance, but a period of joyful anticipation.

## All a Loan.

A friend tells me that his six-year-old son was in a sad way last Friday. He found him weeping on the nursery floor, with a battered money-box by his side. "I can't open it," he sobbed, "and to-day's the last day!"

THE RAMBLER.

## HER FIANCEE'S PEOPLE—No. 5.



They may be learned, grave and frankly boring, while he seemed at first sight so jolly and such a dear!—(By W. K. Haselden.)

the probability of the British Government declining to have any peace agreement with the present rulers of Germany. A well-informed M.P. told me last night that the public may "go nap" on that prediction.

## A Good Appointment.

The appointment of Mr. Wilfrid Ashley, M.P., as parliamentary private secretary (unpaid) to Mr. H. W. Forster, the Financial Secretary for War, should prove an extremely good one. Mr. Ashley is an ex-Guardsman, has seen much military service, and in 1914-15 commanded the 20th Battalion of the King's Liverpool Regiment.

## Peppered Ministers.

Mr. Ashley, one of the handsomest men in the House of Commons, took a conspicuous part in parliamentary warfare before the world upheaval, and from his seat just behind the Front Opposition Bench almost daily peppered Liberal Ministers with questions.

dream that Parnassus is in flower above your head. Yet such is the case, for the Poets' Club holds its meetings at the Monaco, where Mr. Laurence Binyon and others discourse on their art. Mr. Henry Simpson, the founder and president, has just published a charming book of verse called "The Golden Rose."

## The Way Out.

Food questions pop up at every turn. Why not institute meal-less days, and have done with it?

## Twice Wounded.

I am sorry to see that Lieutenant-Commander Arthur Asquith has been wounded again. When I last saw him he was full of enthusiasm over the gallant record of the R.N.V.R. "The old colonels who used to call us comic land sailors must be feeling rather small after our record in France," he said. His great anxiety was to see the R.N.V.R. kept up to full standard as a fighting unit.

## Bishop Blesses Theatrical Club.

The Bishop of London gives his blessing to the New Theatre Girls' Club in Greek-street. It is to be opened to-day by Lady Tree and Mrs. Kendal. The club was founded by Mrs. Edward Compton two years ago.



Mr. Wilfrid Ashley, M.P.



Cardinal Bourne.



## SHROVETIDE REVELLERS WHO HAVE WON GLORY ON THE BATTLEFIELD



Lieutenant A. M. Oakden (A) and Lieutenant A. D. Bleakley (B).



Lieutenant Harold D. Thewlis, who was killed at the Dardanelles.



Lieutenant J. Crawford-Kehrmann (with pipe).



Lieutenant A. J. H. R. Widdowson (A and wearing cap in photo), Lieutenant Yule (C), a prisoner; Lieutenant Bedford (D and wearing cap in photo).

To-day, in ordinary circumstances, the students of Manchester University would be holding their Shrovetide revels. But this year there will be no procession, no fireworks and no motley, for the irresponsibles of peace time have come war heroes. Beneath the carnival dresses, which have been exchanged for khaki, were great-hearted

## TINY SCHOOL CHILDREN BUY WAR CERTIFICATES.



Lieut. A. M. Oakden, died of wounds.



Lieut. A. D. Bleakley, awarded the M.C.



Lieutenant H. Bell, wounded at Gallipoli.



Lieutenant A. M. Goodall, who has been killed.



Major E. M. Mumford, wounded. He was on the research staff.



Infants at the Friern Barnet school subscribing their halfpence. More than half of the 400 pupils here have bought war certificates, which can still be bought.



FIELD—MANCHESTER UNIVERSITY'S WONDERFUL WAR RECORD.



Captain Bateman (Manchester Regiment), who has won the Military Cross.



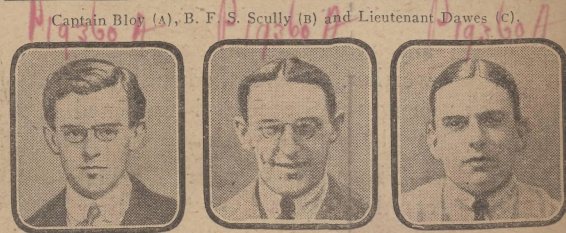
n (B), killed; Lieutenant Yule (C), a prisoner; Lieutenant C. Montford (E), wounded.  
of whom have fallen, while numbers have won medals for glorious deeds on the battlefields. These photographs of some of the men as they appeared at the last revel, and in private life or in uniform. Lieutenant H. D. Thewlis is son of a former Lord Mayor, and Major Mumford is probably the youngest man to hold this rank in the Army.



BRILLIANT YOUNG AIRMAN BECOMES A FREEMAN.



ght-Commander Albert Ball, D.S.O., M.C., the famous young Nottingham airman, was made a freeman of the city yesterday in recognition of his brilliant work. He is here seen with his mother. The certificate of enrolment is enclosed in the silver casket. —(Daily Mirror photograph.)



Captain Bloy (A), B. F. S. Scully (B) and Lieutenant Dawes (C).  
Captain H. L. Bloy, killed in action. B. F. S. Scully, killed in France. Lieutenant C. E. Dawes, killed.



Major E. M. Mumford, wounded. He was on the research staff. Captain W. A. Salt, M.C., twice wounded.





## To Protect your Hands

Better than the warmest gloves, better than the largest muff, far better than the costliest "beauty treatment," is a little Icilma Cream applied to the hands after washing and before going out.

Icilma keeps the skin smooth and unspoiled in the severest weather. It saves the hands from being roughened and reddened by the hardest work.

Thousands of War Workers could tell you how much they owe to Icilma Cream. It relieves them of all anxiety about their complexion and hands.

Nothing else can take its place. For no other toilet cream contains the celebrated Icilma Natural Water, which refreshes and softens the skin, stimulates it to healthy action and brings out all its natural charm.

Icilma Cream is delightfully fragrant, non-greasy, and extremely economical. A 1/- pot lasts several weeks. British made and British owned. Use it daily and look your best.

# Icilma

## Cream

(Guaranteed not to grow Hair).

Price as usual, 1/- everywhere. Icilma is pronounced Eye-Silma.

ICILMA CO., LTD.,

37, 39, 41, King's Road, St. Pancras, London, N.W.

## "HAIR HEALTH" and BEAUTY FREE MUNITION WORKER'S SUCCESS.

Remarkable "Hair-Drill" Photographic Proof from Woolwich.

SPECIAL INTERVIEW.

INVITATION FOR A MILLION READERS TO WRITE FOR FREE TRIAL "HARLENE HAIR-DRILL" OUTFIT.

MUNITION Workers are the latest to bear most remarkable testimony to the amazing results of "Harlene Hair-Drill" in securing Hair-Health and Beauty, and in growing and maintaining luxuriant, and beautiful hair. In this they but endorse the unanimous opinion of many famous Society beauties and the most charming women of Stage, Revue and Cinema.

To-day, you can personally prove FREE the truth of the facts to which they gladly testify. (See special offer below.)

Two strong reasons make this voluntary testimony of especial importance. In the first place Munition Workers, owing to the conditions under which their duties are carried out, are most liable to hair troubles, and are finding in this wonderfully successful "Harlene Hair-Drill" the only true method of growing and preserving really healthy and beautifully radiant hair.

Secondly, no class of women must be more fastidiously careful of their hair-beauty and hair-health than our stage leaders, whose profession compels them to study their personal appearance with exactness.

In these war-days, however, when there is an inevitable increase of various hair troubles, not only in great munition areas, but among all who are feeling the severely testing strain of the war, there must be still thousands—if not millions—who will be most intensely interested in the following interview with a young Woolwich lady munition worker.

### MUNITION WORKER'S INTERESTING INTERVIEW.

Miss A. Robins, of 6, Nightingale Place (whose photo appears herewith), was recently interviewed by a Press representative, when she expressed herself in the most emphatic terms about the marvellous virtues of "Harlene Hair-Drill." With a friend, she first accepted the generous Free Offer of a 7-days' trial of "Harlene" Hair-Drill Outfit, because the nature of their work was damaging and injurious to the hair, owing to the chemicals used in their work.

This is the statement made by Miss Robins in a recent interview:—

"We are delighted beyond measure, for we have now been using 'Harlene' for some time. For nearly six months we have been on munition work, and are as keen as ever in doing our 'bit'—just as all the other girls are—but from the start we noticed that our hair became affected. Our machines spray oil and lubricants into the hair, and as you lean over it cannot help but cover you, and then the atmosphere and many other things are against good hair."

"Now, both of us are justly proud of our hair, for we have always had long, abundant and full tresses; so, therefore, it became a matter of earnest thought to us,

What to do? we asked ourselves, and this has been more than answered by 'Harlene.' Our hair was never in better condition than now—healthy, glossy, and not a trace of weakness. It is remarkable how many of us are using 'Harlene,' and the result is always the same."

### SPLENDID FREE GIFT FOR EVERY READER.

There is no longer the least excuse for anyone to remain a sufferer from hair trouble of any kind, for to every reader to-day is given an opportunity to prove the hair-beautifying effect of "Harlene" Hair-Drill free of cost. The proprietors will send you a Free Trial Outfit, comprising Four Gifts, on receipt of your application on the Free Coupon herewith.

The Free "Hair-Drill" Outfit contains:—

1. A bottle of "Harlene," the true liquid food for the hair, which stimulates it to new growth. It is Tonic, Food and Dressing in one.

2. A packet of the marvellous hair and scalp cleansing "Cremex" Shampoo, which prepares the head for "Hair-Drill."

3. A bottle of "Uzon" Brilliantine, which gives a final touch of beauty to the hair, and is especially beneficial to those whose scalp is inclined to be "dry."

4. A copy of the new edition of the "Hair-Drill" Manual giving complete instructions for this two-minute-a-day hair-growing exercise.

Thin, Weak, Brittle, Greasy, Splitting, or Falling Hair, rob a man or woman of even the semblance of youth. Accept, then, this special Four-Fold Gift, for the Hair that Mr. Edwards announces to all readers.

After a Free Trial you will be always able to obtain future supplies from your local chemist at 1s. 3d., 2s. 6d., or 4s. 9d. per bottle. (In solidified form for Soldiers, Sailors, Travellers, etc., in tins at 2s. 9d., with full directions as to use.) "Uzon" Brilliantine costs 1s. and 2s. 6d. per bottle, and "Cremex" Shampoo Powders 2d. each, or 1s. per box of seven shampoos. Write to-day and enclose only four penny stamps to cover mere cost of carriage on the Free "Harlene" Outfit.

Any or all of the preparations will be sent post free on receipt of price direct from Edwards' Harlene, Limited, 20, 22, 24 and 26, Lamb's Conduit Street, London, W.C. Carriage extra on foreign orders. Cheques and P.O.'s should be crossed.



### POST THIS FREE GIFT FORM.

FILL IN AND POST TO EDWARDS' HARLENE, LTD., 20, 22, 24 & 26, LAMB'S CONDUIT ST., LONDON, W.C.

Dear Sirs,—Please send me your Free "Harlene" Fourfold Hair-growing Outfit as described above. I enclose 4d. in stamps to cover cost of postage to any part of the world. (Foreign stamps accepted).

NAME.....

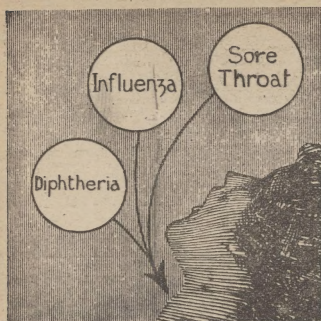
ADDRESS.....

"Daily Mirror," 20/2/17.









## Defend Yourself Against Throat-Enemies.

**F**ANCY being free from throat-troubles throughout this trying weather—and free from the risk of catching Influenza, Diphtheria, and such-like infectious diseases.

Well, you *can* be—if you take Formamint!

Sounds too good to be true, doesn't it? But doctors themselves *know* that it is a fact. "I myself," writes one of them in *The Practitioner*—"I myself have never had Sore Throat since I began to use Formamint, though I suffered periodically before, and I always recommend their use to the nurses in the wards." (He refers to the wards in a large Infectious Diseases Hospital, of which he is the chief medical officer).

Remember your last Sore Throat?—how it burned and ached and swelled, and you couldn't sleep for the throbbing agony of it, and every time you swallowed there was a twinge of pain that brought tears to your eyes!

### Cures Sore Throat.

"I contracted a very bad ulcerated Sore Throat," writes Mr. H. F. Sherwood-King, the well-known journalist, "and the pain was almost unbearable. In the middle of the night I thought I was choking. I knocked up a doctor, and he gave me some Formamint Tablets—said he always prescribed them in such cases, with the best results. In a very few minutes I got relief and sleep, and in the morning all traces of soreness and inflammation had vanished completely. Since then I have never been without a bottle of Formamint, and over and over again have proved its efficacy."

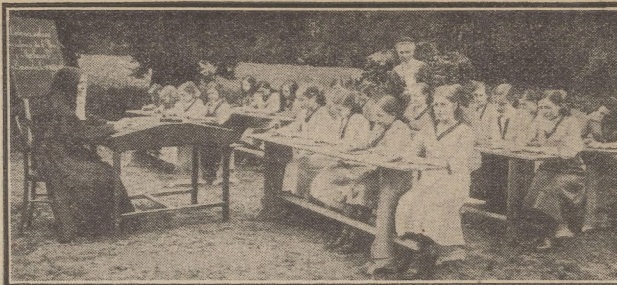
Now, you not prove for yourself the efficacy of Formamint? Once you have done so, you will never be without it.

### Get genuine Formamint, the germ-killing throat-tablet.

Made in the same London factory, by the same special machinery and processes, and by the same British chemical and technical staff, the genuine original Formamint is now the absolute property of an all-British syndicate.

Unlike the imitation tablets, genuine Formamint is entirely free from uncombined formalin—so deleterious to the internal organs—and is guaranteed to be absolutely harmless.

Buy a bottle at your chemist's to-day—price 2s. 2d.—but be sure it bears the address of the British Purchasers of The Sanatogen Company, 12, Chancery Street, London, W.C., otherwise it will be one of the spurious imitations. There are now so many of these that the proprietors have decided later on to re-name it, but at present it is still sold under its original name.



Belgian children who received gifts of clothing from pupils at the London County Council schools writing letters of thanks to their little Allies.

## "I SHOT HER."

Constable's Story of What Youth  
Said After His Arrest.

### SOUTHEAST TRAGEDY.

Frederick Charles Livingstone, sixteen years of age, was charged at Southend Police Court yesterday with the murder of Miss Louisa Burrows Walker, at Eastwood, last Friday afternoon, by shooting her with a revolver.

Later in the day at the coroner's court a verdict of Wilful murder was returned, and Livingstone was committed for trial on the coroner's warrant.

Police-Constable Geddy stated that at 6.45 yesterday morning he met the prisoner in London-road, Hadleigh.

The officer handcuffed accused and searched him. When cautioned, the youth said: "I have not got the revolver; I threw it away."

Police-Constable Reeve accompanied Geddy and the accused along London-road. As they went along the accused said: "I brought the revolver from St. Albans with me."

The officer added that he again cautioned the accused, whereupon the latter said: "I shot the woman for money. I wanted money."

At the conclusion of the police court proceedings Livingstone was placed in a motor-car and hurried over to Leigh, where the coroner's inquest was proceeding.

Miss Eleanor Walker, the sister of the dead woman, said her sister left home between one and two o'clock on Friday to go shopping at Leigh, taking with her a small black handbag.

Police-Constable Geddy repeated his evidence given at the police court, and the jury returned a verdict of Wilful murder.

## NEWS ITEMS.

### Dardanelles Report.

The minority report, but not the evidence, of the Dardanelles Commission, is expected to be issued on Thursday or Friday.

### Political Invalids.

Lord Devonport passed a bad night, but was a little better yesterday morning. Mr. Prothero, under his doctor's orders, has been forced to cancel all engagements.

### Gave Life for His Friend.

Two boys, Samuel Massey, aged eight, and Frank Lee, twelve, were drowned at Derby yesterday while playing on the ice. Lee losing his life while trying to save his friend.

### K.C.B. for General.

Major-General the Hon. Herbert Lawrence was received by the King yesterday, who conferred upon him the honour of Knighthood and the insignia of a Knight Commander of the Order of the Bath (Military Division).

### Scouts on Liners.

The White Star Line, having received a large number of applications from scouts and boys who are not scouts in regard to the scheme for placing sea scouts on certain steamers, point out that recommendations must come through scout associations.

### Naturalised Financier.

"It is an open secret that a leading German banker had to be naturalised after the outbreak of war in order to prevent financial complications in the City of London," said Mr. Stanley Machin, speaking at South Lodge yesterday.

### Presenting the Sword.

When the King enters the City to open the School of Oriental Studies on Friday, he will be met at the City boundary on the Thames Embankment by the Lord Mayor and Sheriffs, and the ancient custom of presenting the sword will be observed.

### SHELL CONTRACTS FOR AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, Monday.—It is apparent from contracts announced by the Navy Department that the hope is abandoned that Messrs. Hadfield's, of Sheffield, will be in a position to make shells for the United States.

Of the £600,000 contract covered by Hadfield's over £400,000 has been sub-let to the Washington Steel Co.—Exchange.

## WYE'S CLEVER WIN.

Curly Walker Beaten on Points at  
the N.S.C.

Lance-Corporal Alf Wye scored a clever victory over Curly Walker in a fifteen-rounds contest for £350 at the National Sporting Club last night.

It was a case in which the favourite was beaten, too, for odds of 2 to 1 were laid on Walker before the start. Wye won by the cleverness of his defence, and by the straightness and good timing of his punching.

Walker is terribly formidable to a boxer less fast than himself, or whose defence is not absolutely sound; but last night Wye best him for pace, and did not do one half the running about of his opponent.

Generally speaking, Walker was always trying to fight his man with both hands, and Wye was content to use his left for attack and the right for defence. But on occasion he whipped in the right as straight as he did the left.

In the early stages Wye was told not to hold a time or two, but there was not a lot of clinching in a sparkling bout, and towards the end Walker was glad to lie on his back as much as he could.

It was a ding-dong battle from start to finish, and there is no doubt that either of the pair is better than the next best feather-weight, and that Wye is at the moment the best in the country. He will now, I expect, have a battle for the Lonsdale Belt, which the Australian tourist, Lar. Edwards, has been asked by the committee of the club to return.

In a ten-rounds contest old Bill Curzon outpointed Sid Doyle, but was nearly out in the eighth round. P. J. M.

## THE WORLD OF SPORT.

Jimmy Wilde and Private George Clark are matched to box at the National Sporting Club for £50 a side and for a purse of £400 on March 12.

At the Ring yesterday afternoon, in a contest of twenty rounds, Private Alf Spenceley (A.S.C.) outpointed Art Mechanic Alf Craig (R.N.A.S.).

After a very stubborn fifteen rounds at Hoxton Baths yesterday afternoon Sergeant Harry Curzon (K.R.R.) beat Gordon Sims (R.N.D., Portsmouth) on points.

It has been found advisable to postpone the Lingfield Park race meeting, which was to have been held to-morrow and Thursday, until Friday and Saturday next.

## THE PHANTOM LOVER.

(Continued from page 9.)

The man scratched an unshaven chin with a stubbly forefinger.

"Yes, I seen her," he said at last. "T'young lady what was her forenoon yesterday—she been in running—only just caught the train, she did."

Micky turned away. He would have to drive up to town in the car, that was all; there was just a chance that he might catch her before it was too late—catch her and stop her from trying to see Raymond.

If she had got to hear the truth at last, Micky knew it would be far better for her to hear it from him than from that other.

His hands clenched themselves on the wheel; a tortuous imagination spared him no detail of the treatment that must await her if she got to Paris and found Raymond.

The man was brute enough for anything. . . . Miles and miles it seemed to town. No matter how much of the winding road he covered, it unfolded again before his eyes and again and again, endlessly. . . .

When at last he reached London he drove straight to Charing Cross. The petrol tank was almost empty. Another five miles and he would have been done, he knew. He left the car outside and rushed into the station. He could not remember how the boat trains ran, but he had a sort of idea that she would come to Charing Cross rather than Victoria.

He searched through a time-table with shaking fingers—12.55—1.40—she could not have caught either of those. He ran down the list.

"Four o'clock. . . ." He looked up at the big station clock. It wanted but three minutes to four now.

Micky felt as if his heart had stopped beating. Then suddenly he moved. He dashed across the wide hall to the gate where a signboard hung with "Dove Express" on it. He had no ticket. He pushed his way past the protesting inspector. They were shutting the doors of the train now. The guard was waving the green flag. Micky's breath came in great gasps. Some instinct told him that Esther was on his train. He was as sure of it as if he had seen her with his own eyes.

He flung himself panting into the last coach as the train moved slowly away from the platform.

There will be another fine instalment of this splendid serial to-morrow.

## A THREE-FOLD FREE GIFT.



## Skin Sufferers Should Write for the FREE SAMPLES of VEGETINE PILLS & SOAP.

(1) A Sample Box of Vegetine Pills.  
(2) A Tablet of Vegetine Soap.  
(3) The booklet Skin Troubles and Their Cure.  
The above will be sent to you absolutely free if you are suffering from any Skin Complaint or Complexion Trouble.

There is one way to cure your Skin Complaint. And if you have a bad Complexion there is one remedy.

Vegetine Pills will cure you of Pimples, Eczema, Blackheads, Blisters, Acne, Sores, Boils, Spots and every kind of Skin Trouble.

If you are a sufferer, no matter whether your case is mild or severe, write at once to:

The David MacQueen Company, Paternoster Row, London, E.C., for a Free Package containing Vegetine Pills, Vegetine Soap and Booklet. Send your name, address and two penny stamps for postage. By return of post you will receive a free package, and then you will hear no further from us. Take the pills, and when you discover how great is the benefit you derive from them you can obtain further supplies from any chemist if you require them.

All chemists now sell Vegetine Pills and Soap for the Skin.

### WHY WE RECOMMEND VEGETINE SOAP.

Bad or unsuitable soap does more harm to the skin than anything else. Be very careful what soap you use. Vegetine Soap has been specially prepared for delicate and sensitive skins. When you are taking Vegetine Pills you will find it the safest to use only Vegetine Soap. It is, moreover, delightful to use and lasts twice as long as a tablet of ordinary toilet soap. When you have tried the Free sample, which we shall send you, you will never use any other soap.

### OUTWARD APPLICATIONS.

Skin Troubles are cured within by Vegetine Pills. The Only outward application that should be used is a little Vegetine Skin Cream. This Cream is a remarkable preparation for the complexion, and nothing else should be used on the face. Vegetine Pills will remove face blemishes, while Vegetine Cream keeps the skin clear, pliable and firm, and prevents wrinkles. It is sold in pots, price 1/-.

### ALL CHEMISTS.

All chemists sell Vegetine Preparations. VEGETINE PILLS, price 1/3, 5/- and 5/- per box. VEGETINE SOAP, price 9d. per tablet. VEGETINE SKIN CREAM, price 1/- and 1/6 per pot. Or they can be obtained direct, post free, at the above prices from THE DAVID MACQUEEN COMPANY, Paternoster Row, London, E.C.

First of all, however, you should avail yourself of the offer made at the head of this announcement and send for the Free Package.

**WRINKLES**  
REMOVED IN 48 HOURS  
Marvelous effect, all Wrinkles effectually removed as if by magic. Absolutely harmless to the most delicate skin. Will not return.

**'WRINKOLA'**  
The Great Egyptian Remedy, guaranteed from original recipe. Every lady should use it at once for Face & Neck (postage 2d., under plain cover), or travel jars, 2s. 6d. NO MASSAGE! NO FUBING! List of other Wonderful Aids to Beauty will be included in every package. Address: Th. Nuyvel Co., Dept. 10, 51, Chancery Lane, London W.C.

## RHEUMATISM

At last a cure has been found which never fails! Slight cases, and those of 50 and even 60 years standing, have been completely freed. Age does not matter. Your limbs will straighten, your swellings disappear, and you will feel ten years younger. Send for a free supply of this wonderful remedy at once, while the offer is open. Send no money, just two penny stamps towards postage expenses.

Write to: CHARLES STAFFORD (Dept. D.M.), 40, HIGH HOLBORN, LONDON, W.C.



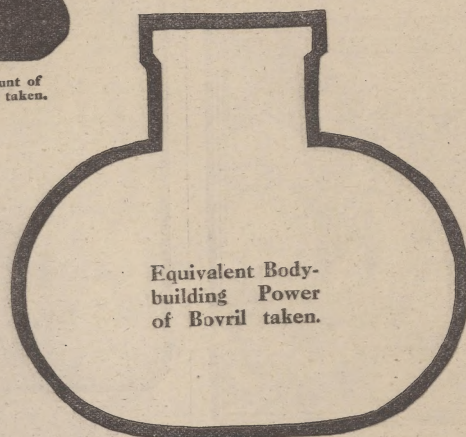
**You can  
eat less  
if you take  
Bovril**

Bovril possesses the peculiar power of enabling you to extract *more* nourishment from the food you eat, because it helps you to assimilate nourishment which would otherwise be lost. It therefore greatly increases the food power of Rations. It is a splendid food and a food *sparer*. You are sure of being nourished if you take Bovril.

The Body-building powers of Bovril have been proved by independent scientific experiments upon human beings to be from ten to twenty times the amount of Bovril taken.



Amount of Bovril taken.



Equivalent Body-building Power of Bovril taken.

**NATIONAL  
SERVICE**



**It's your  
innings now!**

Do you remember how you urged the young fellows to enlist—how you pointed out to them the path of honour and duty? Do you remember how nobly they responded to your call? They were young—many of them had not tasted of life's joys as you have. Many of them have been cut down before they knew what happiness was. You have had your life. *What are you doing now* to help the men you sent to the Front? You took a grave responsibility in asking them to fight for you—how are you fulfilling it?

Have you enrolled for National Service?

You may be doing work of equal importance, but if so let the State decide for you. Then your conscience will be clear. You are pledged to support the men at the Front. You have your chance.

**The Scheme Explained.**

Every man between the ages of 18 and 21 is called upon to volunteer for National work. To do this he must get a form from a Post Office or National Service Office and fill it up.

This form he will post (unopened) to the Director, St. Edmund, Westminster.

If he is not already on work of National importance, he will receive notice to call at a National Service Office or Employment Exchange for an interview as to his fitness for work.

If a volunteer is called up he will get seven days' notice to go to his new employment.

If it is some distance from his home he will travel free.

He will be paid the local rate for the work he is to do, with a subsistence allowance, when necessary, not exceeding 2s. 6d. a day.

Every man should, for his services, the State will decide whether he is doing National work now or not.

Men in reserved occupations are expected to enrol.

**ENROL  
TO-DAY**

in the

**Industrial Army.**

Forms for offer of service can be obtained at all Post Offices and National Service Offices and Employment Exchanges. Obtain one. Sign it. Post it—no Stamp is required.



LOOK OUT FOR MR. BOTTOMLEY'S ARTICLE IN "SUNDAY PICTORIAL"

# Daily Mirror

THOUGHT <sup>1931 R</sup> THIS THE LIMIT.



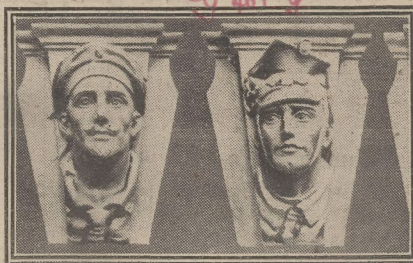
Though the Balkan donkeys are accustomed to carry heavy loads, this one drew the line at two strapping young officers, and declined to budge an inch.—(Official photograph.)

FORESTERS' VALUABLE WORK <sup>1930 E</sup> NEAR WINDSOR.



By clearing the land at Virginia Water for the purposes of cultivation the Canadian foresters are performing work of great importance, as every acre is now needed for the purpose of growing food. The men, who wear uniform, have made considerable progress.

FRIGHTFULNESS <sup>1931 R</sup> WORSHIPPERS.



German architecture is being influenced by the war. These figures are of a pirate and a Uhlán, one of the men who tortured Belgium.

VIOLINIST'S <sup>1930 E</sup> DEBUT.



Miss Yvonne Yorke, a young English violinist, who has just made her debut at the Aeolian Hall. She has been playing for the benefit of the wounded ever since the war broke out.—(Yevonde.)

BROTHERS MARRIED TO SISTERS <sup>1930 E</sup> IN LONDON YESTERDAY.



Corporals Herbert and Frank Gregory and their brides (the Misses Helen and Ivy Hewett) leaving St. Mary's Parish Church, Hornsey. The wedding aroused great interest locally, and a big crowd assembled outside the church.—(Daily Mirror photograph.)